



DSIC

Data Sharing Interoperability Compass

MVP version, 2024



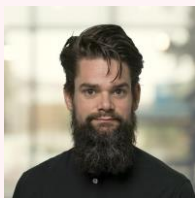
Welcome!
Meet our team

DSIC



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Use cases



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Architect community



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Agenda

	<i>Time</i>	<i>Speaker(s)</i>
• Welcome	15:00 – 15:05	Pieter Verhagen
• DSIC introduction & steps forward	15:05 – 15:15	Peter Verkoulen
• DSIC findings, reflections and implications	15:15 – 15:35	Gijs van Houwelingen
• Connection with practice, learnings from CoE use cases:	15:35 – 15:55	
• CCAM		Richard Beekhuis
• Company Passport		Gerard van der Hoeven
<i>Break</i>	15:55 – 16:00	
• Deep-dive: Overview of upcoming DSIC tools	16:00 – 16:10	Yekaterina Travkina
• Deep-dive: DSIC learnings on Trust & Discoverability	16:10 – 16:25	Yekaterina Travkina
• Next steps	16:25 – 16:30	Pieter Verhagen
• Q&A	16:30 – 17:00	

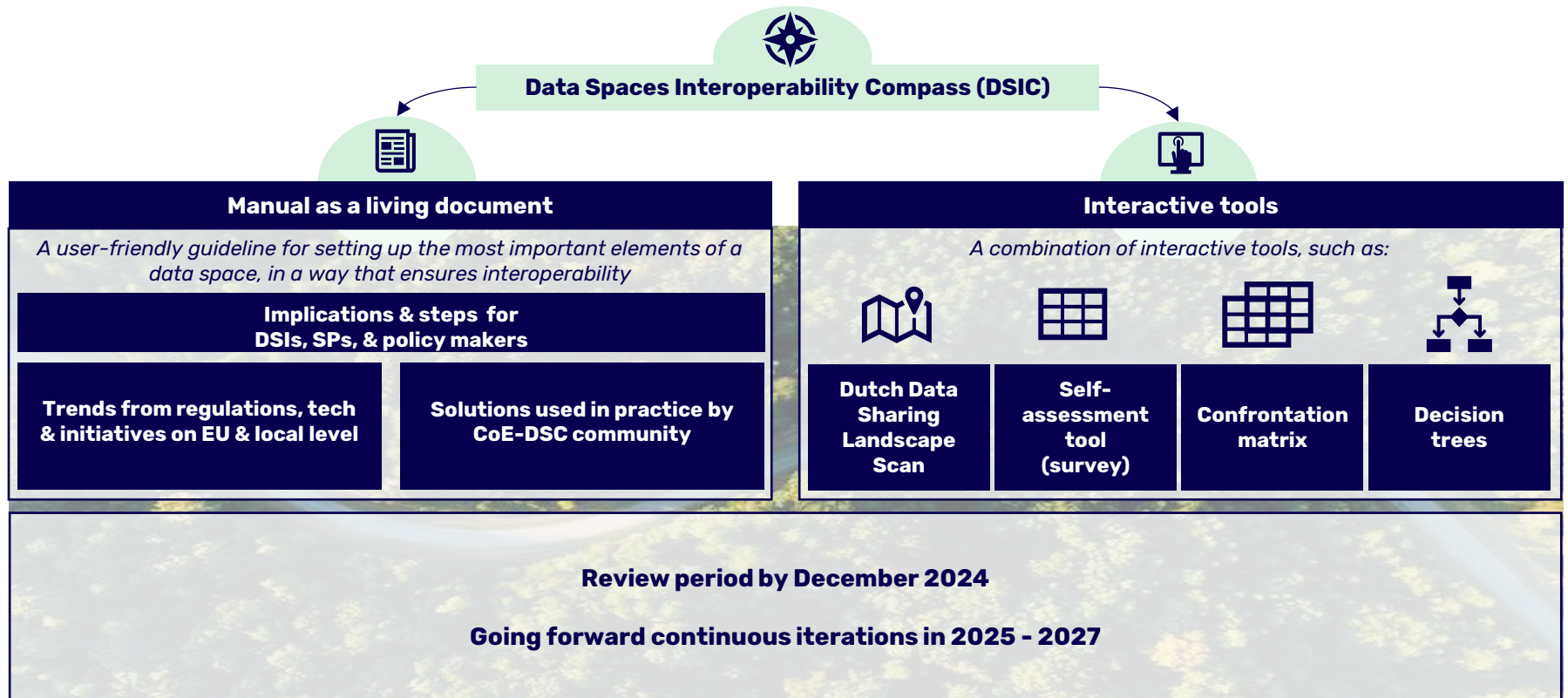
The next step in the development of data spaces is realising cross-domain data sharing which requires practical navigation



Data Spaces Business Alliance



DSIC introduction & steps forward



DSIC findings, reflections and implications



In 2024 DSIC team carried out interviews, workshops, specialised meetings and federative cases to extract results

15 Snapshot Interviews

Building block snapshots:

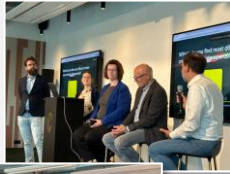
Related to trust:

- Participation management
- Identity and attestation management
- Access and usage policies
- Trust framework (part 1, and 2)

Related to discoverability:

- Publication and discovery

3 Interop. Workshops



3 Meetings of Architects



2 Federative Use Cases



Indepth analysis of the data sharing landscape

DSIC presents interoperability principles and actionable insights for Data Sharing Initiatives, Service Providers & Policy Makers

High level principles

Interoperability is ultimately **a requirement to realize the true value of data spaces**. Standardization is key – but we should take a **holistic view**: It is about more than just technical solutions. Collaboration of different stakeholders, within, but also across sectors, is more needed than ever **as interoperability is turning into a legal requirement**.

Development actions

Collaboration actions

Support & Awareness

Regulatory actions

Data Sharing Initiatives



Adopt standardized solutions.
Avoid overcommitment to custom solutions.

Collaborate and engage early

Connect to relevant CEDS

Assess and ensure compliance

Service providers



Use standards
Design for interoperability

Participate in standard setting. Co-create with clients

Provide training. Broaden generic service portfolio.

Ensure compliance. Enhance data portability

Policy makers



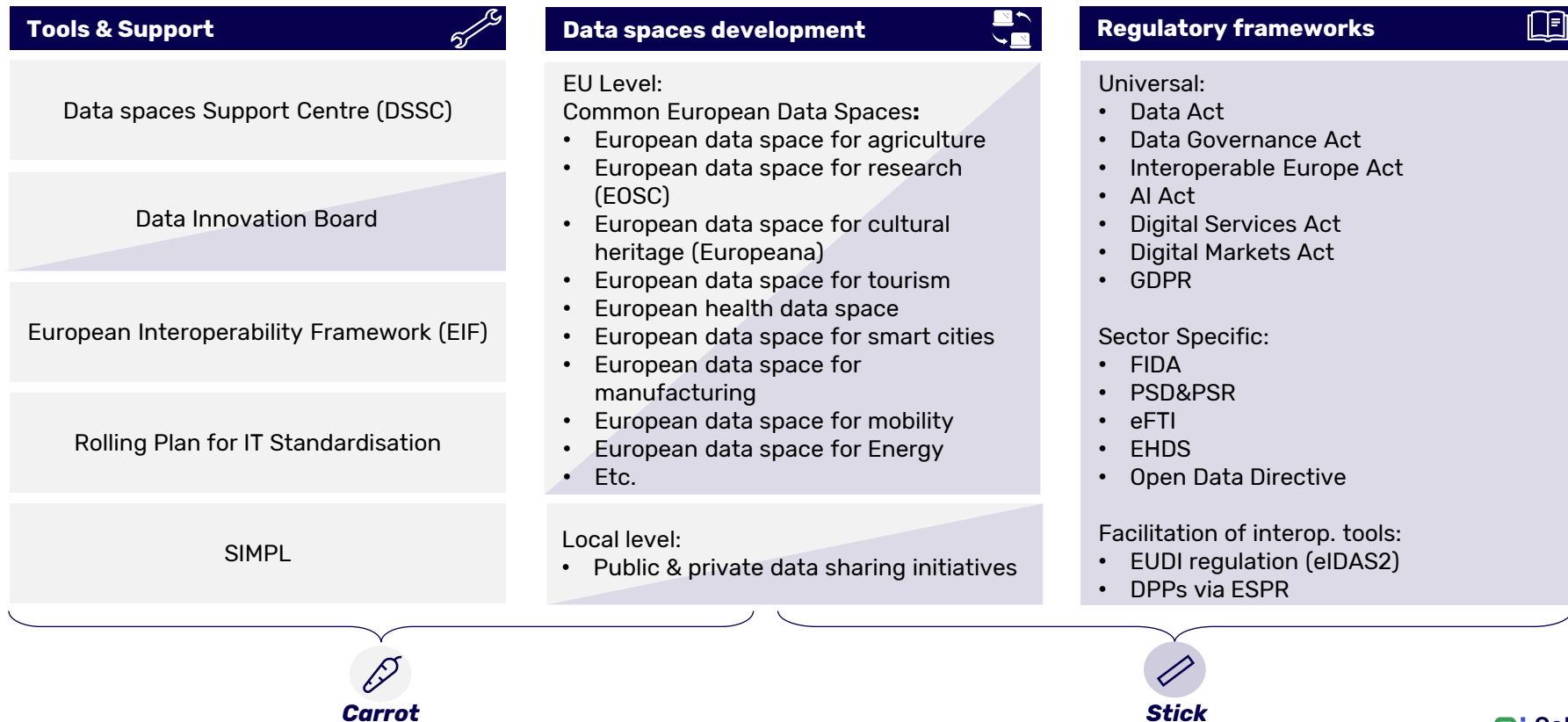
Incentivize and fund interoperability initiatives

Support cross-sectoral collaborations. Ensure cross-domain harmonization.

Raise awareness & provide guidance

Provide implementation guidelines

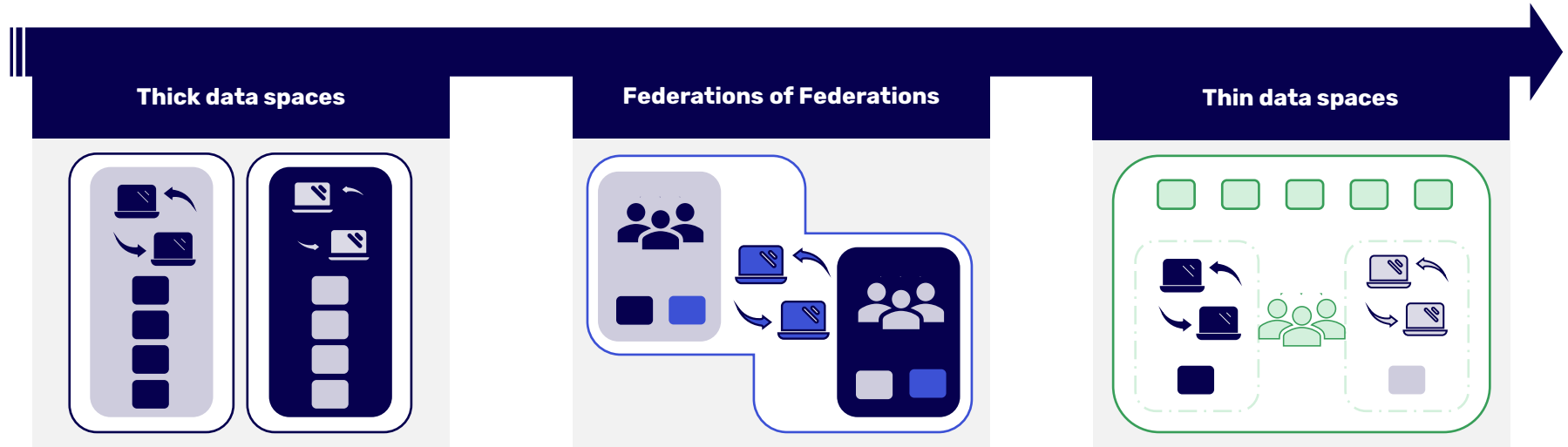
DSIC reflection: the EU employs a 'carrot and stick' approach to promote cross-domain interoperability in data sharing practices



DSIC reflection: observed 3 ways for data spaces to arrange interoperability, with thin data spaces as a future direction

Approaches to interoperability currently observed on a spectrum

- We are witnessing a shift towards 'thinner' data spaces, where minimal definitions are set at the individual data space level.
- Additionally, we see the rise of federations-of-federations, where services and functions are managed at a federated level.
- The question remains: will federations-of-federations become a lasting fixture, or will they eventually fade away?



Connection with practice, learnings from CoE use cases



Connection with practice, learnings from CoE use cases

CCAM



Involved parties

Company Passport



Involved parties

The CCAM use case: exploring data sharing between the energy and the mobility sectors



Use case goal

- Identify the potential value of data sharing between the energy sector and the mobility / logistics sector
- Find a solution to current barriers in cross-domain data sharing

Use case approach

- Explore potential alignment between initiatives in the energy sector (MFFBAS) and the mobility sector (DITM)
- Explore potential for value creation in this cross-domain data sharing set up



Involved parties



DITM

The CCAM case shows the importance of aligning on the goals of involved domains first, and then designing with adoption in mind

Preliminary learnings from the use case



Data sharing is a means, not a goal:

- Start by considering the needs and challenges of the parties involved



Be aware that sharing is not always caring:

- Commercial sensitivity
- System stability



Thus, address business compatibility of the two domains first:

- Participating parties must be aligned on the objectives



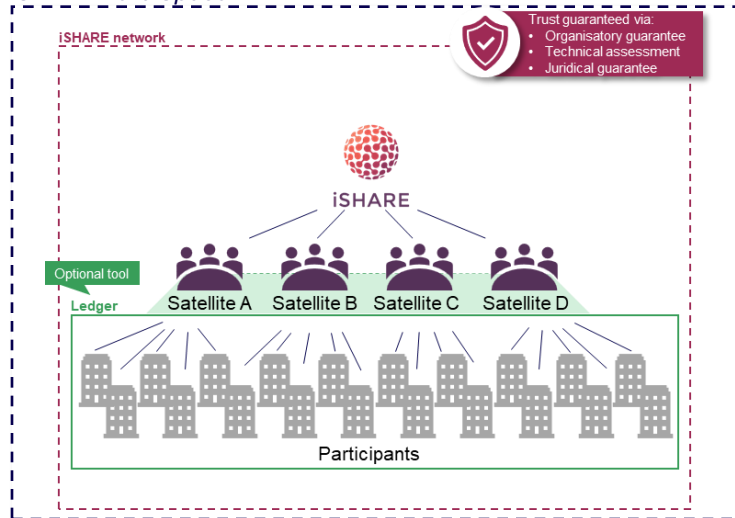
Then, focus on the ease of adoption when designing solutions:

- Combine regulatory, business, and technology drivers of both domains to generate value
- Make it not too challenging to the status quo of both domains to ensure "buy-in"
- Include existing intermediaries and/or 'bridges'
- Involve the 'coalition of the unwilling'



The Company Passport use case: the value of the Organisational Wallet (eIDAS) for Data Spaces

iSHARE Data Space



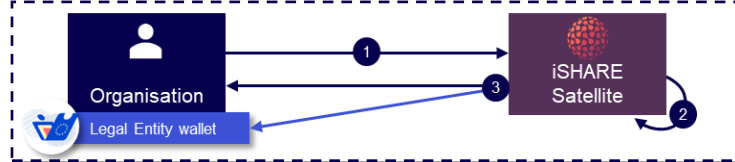
Use case goal

- Explore the potential value of the EUDI Legal Entity Wallet for Data Spaces
- Identify current barriers of the EUDI Legal Entity Wallet for Data Spaces

Use case approach

- Work closely together with eIDAS experts, Company Passport and iSHARE in all activities
- Describe the current status of the EUDI Legal Entity Wallet
- Explore the impact of the EUDI Legal Entity Wallet on iSHARE and its DVU use case - where the wallet could add value to existing trust infrastructure and what the current barriers are
- Determining next steps to tackle the current barriers and facilitate adoption of the EUDI Wallet in Data Spaces

Possible EUDI Wallet use in iSHARE



Involved parties



The Company Passport use case shows that the Organisational Wallet adds value for Data Spaces, but challenges remain

Learnings from the use case



There is value in the eIDAS organizational wallet for Data Spaces

- To share dataspace membership credentials: | Implementation requires relatively little effort from iSHARE, as it will be an add-on to existing means
- To share static data within a Data Space: | Implementation is expected to be easy* for data providers: 1) mandatory acceptance of personal wallet will mean have already developed issuing capabilities; 2) suppliers are working on standardized solutions
- To share credentials allowing access to APIs of dynamic, streaming data while complying to certain criteria: | Requires more research as it could be of great benefit



It's risky for Data Spaces to offer the Organisational Wallet as a single solution

- Specifications/standards of organizational wallets are still unclear
- Adoption is hampered if it's not mandatory and/or free
- A person acting on behalf of a company remains challenging - service-based mandating should be the EU standard



There is a need for a new role of 'scheme aggregator' to overcome identified hurdles

- To harmonize the content of credentials
- To harmonize the meaning of the credential and the meaning of a revocation

*depending on data availability and quality

Break – be back at 16:00



Deep-dive: overview of upcoming DSIC tools



In 2024, CoE-DSC produced Dutch Landscape Scan, and Self-assessment survey; next batch incl. matrices and decision trees

Overview of DSIC tools

Dutch Data Sharing Landscape scan

Available online

Self-assessment (survey)

Soon to be available

Confrontation matrices

Coming in 2025

Contextual Decision Trees

Coming in 2025

Regulations in context

Coming in 2025

BB solutions in context

Coming in 2025

& more over time

2025 - 2027

Deep-dive: DSIC learnings on Trust & Discoverability



Reflections on Trust: initiatives tend to outsource IAA, do in house participation management & agreements, and explore eIDAS2

3 Trust related trends we observed in practice



Often outsourced

IAA arranged by IDPs:

- Can be generic or domain specific
- Can be of a higher or lower LoA depending on cost/sensitivity appetite



Often built in house

Arranged by initiatives:

- Participation management (on/off boarding)
- Agreements Frameworks



Often being explored

eIDAS2 impact

Practical usage scenarios

- eIDAS2 Trust services increase interoperability (e.g., QESeals, QWACs)
- Wallets & verifiable credentials potential use cases
- Balance between costs vs. high LoA & interoperability

Mandating

- Attention on identities triad:
- of a person
 - of a legal entity
 - of an object
- Attention to new details:
- Service- vs. role-based mandating
 - Scheme aggregator role
 - Revocation mechanisms

Keeping this balance is a road to a thinner data space

Be aware of eIDAS2 developments and explore usage scenarios

Reflections on Discoverability: initiatives tend to use DCAT and adjust discovery of participants & datasets based on the context

2 Discoverability related trends we observed in practice



Often implemented

Most used protocol for datasets

discovery: Variations of DCAT relevant to the specific sector


For participants discovery: for most DSIs, parties first build relations/connections in a physical world prior to engaging digitally

Look into DCAT



Often seen discovery patterns are context-driven

- Identify the sensitivity of your context and
- Choose methods for finding right participants and right data sets based on that

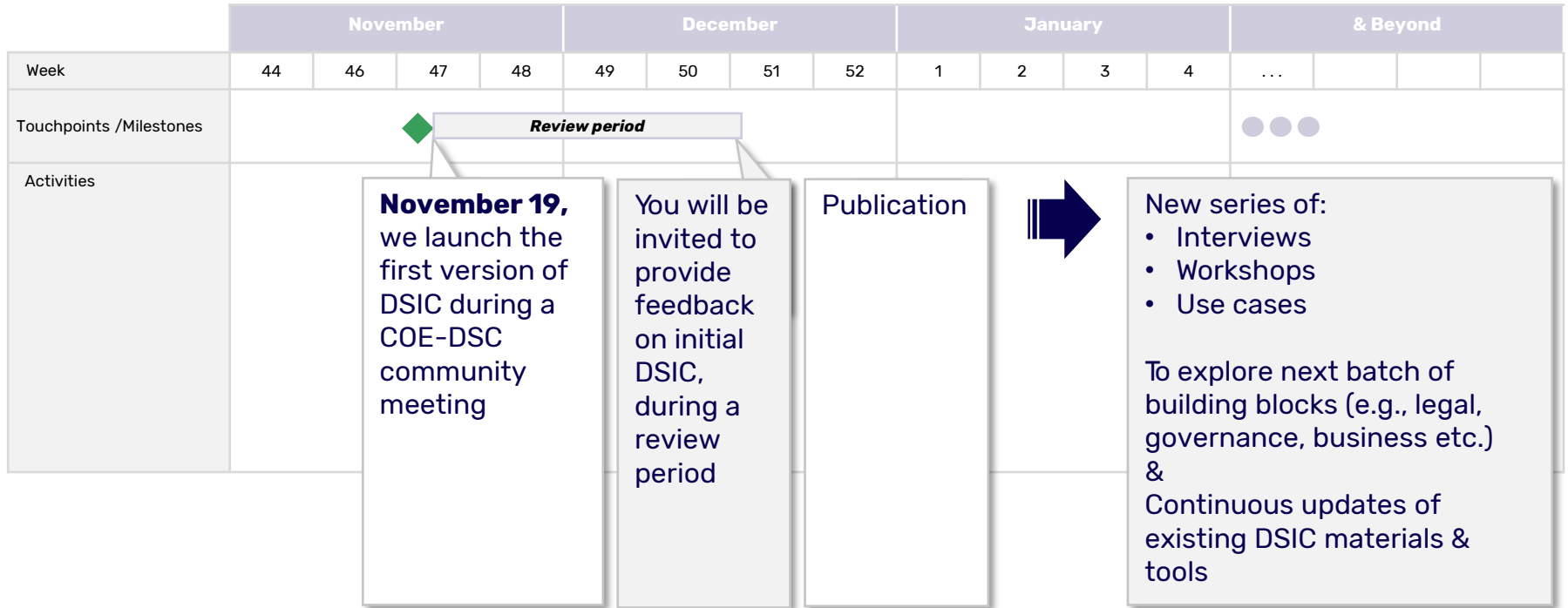
	Finding right participants	Finding right datasets
 Open to all	Open marketplace tool for discovery	Look into relevant metadata standards for open data of your domain
 Sensitive many-to-many	External address book/ yellow pages	Align on ontologies & semantics for data/datasets among your group(s)
 Sensitive Exclusive groups	Internal address book/ yellow pages	

Be aware that the data sharing context matters in discoverability approach

Next Steps



DSIC progress and where we are heading, if you would like to contribute via a review reach out!



Legend: ◆ Events ● Interviews Community input

Review & publication process



When?

from Monday November 25th to Friday December 13th

For Whom?

all involved in co-creation and input up to now:

- Workshops
- Interviews
- Use-cases
- NL perspective

How?

E-mail by end of week with link to PDF
Structured approach with a survey

Q&A – till 17:00

